Comparing Counts (Chapter 22) Patrick Frenett, Vickie Ip, and Nicholas Horton (nhorton@amherst.edu) July 17, 2017

Introduction and background

This document is intended to help describe how to undertake analyses introduced as examples in the Fourth Edition of *Intro Stats* (2013) by De Veaux, Velleman, and Bock. More information about the book can be found at http://wps.aw.com/aw_deveaux_stats_series. This file as well as the associated R Markdown reproducible analysis source file used to create it can be found at https://nhorton.people.amherst.edu/is4.

This work leverages initiatives undertaken by Project MOSAIC (http://www.mosaic-web.org), an NSF-funded effort to improve the teaching of statistics, calculus, science and computing in the undergraduate curriculum. In particular, we utilize the mosaic package, which was written to simplify the use of R for introductory statistics courses. A short summary of the R needed to teach introductory statistics can be found in the mosaic package vignettes (http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/mosaic). A paper describing the mosaic approach was published in the *R Journal*: https://journal.r-project.org/archive/2017/RJ-2017-024.

Note that some of the figures in this document may differ slightly from those in the IS4 book due to small differences in datasets. However in all cases the analysis and techniques in R are accurate.

Chapter 22: Comparing Counts

Section 22.1: Goodness-of-fit tests

Here we verify the calculations of expected counts for ballplayers by month (page 611).

[1] 1478

sum(~ national)

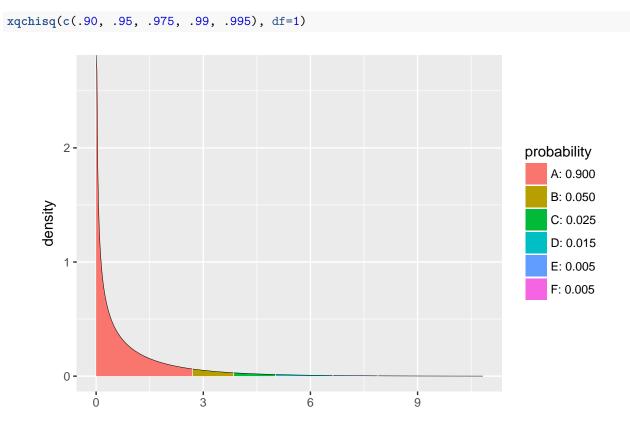
[1] 1

```
expect <- n*national
cbind(ballplayer, expect)</pre>
```

##		ballplayer	expect
##	[1,]	137	118.24
##	[2,]	121	103.46
##	[3,]	116	118.24
##	[4,]	121	118.24
##	[5,]	126	118.24
##	[6,]	114	118.24

##	[7,]	102	133.02
##	[8,]	165	133.02
##	[9,]	134	133.02
##	[10,]	115	133.02
##	[11,]	105	118.24
##	[12,]	122	133.02

The chi-square quantile values in the table on the bottom of page 658 can be verified using the xqt() function.



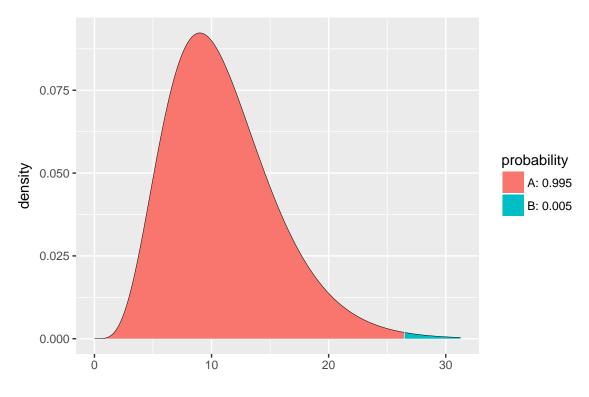
[1] 2.705543 3.841459 5.023886 6.634897 7.879439

These results match the first row: other values can be calculated by changing the df argument. The goodness of fit test on page 614 can be verified by calculating the chi-square statistic.

chisq <- sum((ballplayer-expect)^2/expect); chisq</pre>

[1] 26.48442

1-xpchisq(chisq, df=11,col="slateblue2")



[1] 0.005494028

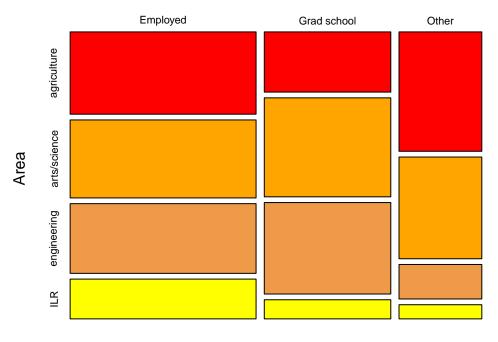
Section 22.2: Chi-square test of homogeneity

Data from one university regarding the association between postgraduation activity and area of study is displayed in Table 22.1 (page 618).

##	area						
##	activity	agriculture	arts/science	engineering	ILR	Total	
##	Employed	209	198	177	101	685	
##	Grad school	104	171	158	33	466	
##	Other	135	115	39	16	305	
##	Total	448	484	374	150	1456	

```
mosaicplot(tally(~ activity + area), main="Mosaicplot of Activity by area",
    color=c("red","orange","tan2","yellow"),ylab="Area",xlab="Activity")
```

Mosaicplot of Activity by area



Activity

xchisq.test(tally(~ activity + area))

```
##
   Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
##
## data: x
## X-squared = 93.657, df = 6, p-value < 2.2e-16</pre>
##
##
     209
              198
                       177
                                101
## (210.77) (227.71) (175.95) (70.57)
## [ 0.0149] [ 3.8754] [ 0.0062] [13.1215]
## <-0.122> <-1.969> < 0.079> < 3.622>
##
##
     104
              171
                       158
                                  33
## (143.38) (154.91) (119.70) ( 48.01)
## [10.8181] [ 1.6720] [12.2543] [ 4.6918]
## <-3.289> < 1.293> < 3.501> <-2.166>
##
##
     135
              115
                        39
                                  16
## ( 93.85) (101.39) ( 78.34) ( 31.42)
## [18.0470] [ 1.8277] [19.7590] [ 7.5689]
## < 4.248> < 1.352> <-4.445> <-2.751>
##
## key:
## observed
## (expected)
## [contribution to X-squared]
## <Pearson residual>
```

Section 22.3: Examining the residuals

Note that the xchisq.test() function displays the standardized residuals as the last item in each cell of the table (and these match the results in Table 22.4 (page 623).